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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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INTE	RNATIONAL PRELIM	UNARY EXAMINATION R	EPORT
		ele 36 and Rule 70)	
Applicant's or agent's file reference C1-A0313P2	FOR FURTHER	ACTION See Notification of Preliminary Examination	Transmittal of Intern Report (Form PCT/IP)
International application No. PCT/JP2003/013123		date (day/month/year) Priority da 003 (14.10.2003)	nte (day/month/year)
International Patent Classification (C12N 15/09, C07K 16/1	IPC) or national classification 8, A61K 39/395, A61P 7/0		
Applicant	CHUGAI SEIYAKU	KABUSHIKI KAISHA	
 This international preliminant and is transmitted to the ap 	ary examination report has bee plicant according to Article 36	en prepared by this International Preli i.	minary Examining Aut
2. This REPORT consists of a	total of6 shee	ts, including this cover sheet.	
This report is also a	ecompanied by ANNEXES, i.e	e., sheets of the description, claims ar	nd/or drawings which ha
amended and are the	basis for this report and/or shows the basis for this report and/or shows the basis of the basis for this report and/or shows the basis for this basis for the basis for the basis for the basis for this basis for this basis for this report and/or shows the basis for the basis	eets containing rectifications made	before this Authority (
These annexes cons	st of a total of	_ sheets.	
This report contains indicat	ions relating to the following i	items:	
I Basis of the	_		
II Priority			
	shment of opinion with regard	to novelty, inventive step and indus	trial applicability
	ty of invention		
- · <u>- · ·</u>	tatement under Article 35(2) w	vith regard to novelty, inventive step	or industrial applicabili
	uments cited	ii statement	
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VIII SSI MAIN SSS	or various on the meanageding s	spineation	
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of this report	
22 April 2005 (22.04.2005)		05 (10 10 000C)
22 April 2005 (44.U4.4UUJ}	12 October 200	o (12.10.2005)
Name and mailing address of the IP	EA/JP	Authorized officer	
Facsimile No.		Telephone No.	

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (July 1998)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/JP2003/013123

I.]	I. Basis of the report							
1. With regard to the elements of the international application:*								
	the international application as originally filed							
		the description:						
		pages, as originally filed						
		pages, filed with the demand						
		pages, filed with the letter of						
		the claims:						
		pages, as originally filed						
		pages, as amended (together with any statement under Article 19						
		pages, filed with the demand						
		pages, filed with the letter of						
		the drawings:						
		pages, as originally filed						
		pages, filed with the demand						
		pages, filed with the letter of						
	☐ t	he sequence listing part of the description:						
		pages, as originally filed						
		pages, filed with the demand						
		pages, filed with the letter of						
2.	the in	regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which atternational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. e elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:						
		the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).						
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).						
	Ш	the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).						
3.	With	regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international minary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:						
		contained in the international application in written form.						
	\bowtie	filed together with the international application in computer readable form.						
	Ц	furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.						
	Ш	furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.						
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.						
	\bowtie	The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.						
4.		The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:						
		the description, pages						
		the claims, Nos.						
		the drawings, sheets/fig						
5.		This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**						
*	in thi	scement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to is report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rule 70.16 0.17).						
**		eplacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report.						
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/JP 03/13123

Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Box III.1

Claims 20 and 36

Claims 20 and 36 set forth inventions that are related to methods for the treatment of the human body by means of therapy.

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Supplemental Box

(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Box IV.3

The claims of the present invention include:

- (1) inventions related to a "bispecific antibody with an activity that substitutes for the ligand function of receptors that include heteromolecules," which are set forth in claims 2 to 19, 21 and 22; and
- (2) inventions related to a "bispecific antibody that is capable of recognizing both an enzyme and the substrate of said enzyme," which are set forth in claims 23 to 35, 37 and 38.

Therein, the only feature that is common to these inventions is the feature of being a bispecific antibody (i.e. a dual-specific antibody). However, dual-specific antibodies were well known prior to the filing of the present application, as presented in documents 1 and 2 indicated below; thus, said feature cannot be said to be a special technical feature in the meaning of PCT Rule 13.2. As a result, the inventions in question cannot be considered to be so linked as to form a single general inventive concept, and consequently, the claims of the present application have been found to include two inventions.

Document 1: J. Immunol., Vol. 150, No. 10, pp. 4610 to 4619, 1993

Document 2: J. Immunol. Methods, Vol. 248, No. 1-2, pp. 1 to 6, 2001

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

. Statement .			
Novelty (N)	Claims	5-19, 21-35, 37, 38	YES
	Claims	1-4	NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	23-35, 37, 38	YES
	Claims	1-19, 21, 22	_ NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-19, 21-35, 37, 38	_ YES
	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations

Document 1: J. Immunol., Vol. 150, No. 10, pages 4610 to 4619, 1993

Document 2: J. Immunol. Methods, Vol. 279, No. 1-2, pages 219 to 232, August 2003

Document 3: J. Immunol. Methods, Vol. 267, No. 2, pages 213 to 226, 2002

Document 4: J. Immunol. Methods, Vol. 248, No. 1-2, pages 1 to 6, 2001

Document 5: J. Immunol. Methods, Vol. 248, No. 1-2, pages 7 to 15, 2001

Document 6: Gene, Vol. 196, No. 1-2, pages 279 to 286, 1997

Claims 1 to 4

The inventions set forth in claims 1 to 4 lack novelty and do not involve an inventive step in the light of document 1 cited in the international search report.

Document 1 indicates that bispecific antibodies capable of bonding to the α chain and the β chain of the human IL-2 receptor were able to synergistically control IL-2 induced T cell proliferation. In addition, document 1 further indicates that IL-2 is one type of cytokine, and that the ligands thereof include both agonists and antagonists.

Claim 1

The invention set forth in claim 1 lacks novelty and does not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 2 to 5 cited in the international search report.

Documents 2 and 3 indicate that bispecific antibodies capable of bonding to two receptors that have different VEGFs (e.g. KDR and Flt-1) were able to control the VEGF-induced migration of leukaemia cells.

Meanwhile, document 4 presents general information pertaining to therapeutic agents against cancer, which comprise bispecific antibodies that are capable of bonding to cancer antigens (e.g. EGF receptor-associated cancer antigens, HER2 antigens or prostate-specific cancer antigens (PSA)), and indicates that recombinant antibodies were obtained by using a phage display library and selecting a scFv that is capable of bonding to a desired antigen.

Furthermore, document 5 presents therapeutic agents against cancer, which comprise bispecific antibodies that are capable of bonding to two types of receptors (e.g. c-Mpl and HER3).

Claims 5 to 19, 21 and 22

The inventions set forth in claims 5 to 19, 21 and 22 do not involve an inventive step in the light of documents 1, 4 and 6 cited in the international search report.

Document 1 indicates that bispecific antibodies capable of bonding to the α chain and the β chain of the human IL-2 receptor were able to synergistically control IL-2 induced T cell proliferation. In addition, document 1 also indicates that in addition to serving as inhibiting factors, it is also possible for the bispecific antibodies to exhibit agonist functions (refer to the final sentence

of the Discussion).

Document 4 indicates that recombinant antibodies were obtained by using a phage display library and selecting a scFv that is capable of bonding to a desired antigen when creating bispecific antibodies.

Document 6 indicates that type-I interferon receptors comprise two sub-units (IFNaR1 and IFNaR2), and presents the bonding mechanism thereof, wherein type-I interferon, which is a ligand, forms an intermediate with IFNaR2 and then said intermediate forms a ternary complex with IFNaR1.

Therefore, it would have been easy for a person skilled in the art to conceive of creating bispecific antibodies which are capable of bonding to the two types of sub-unit within the type-I interferon receptors that are presented in document 6 instead of the two types of sub-unit within the human IL-2 receptors that are presented in document 1 by means of the technique that is presented in document 4, and then selecting the antibodies that exhibit an antagonist function thereamong.

Claims 23 to 35, 37 and 38

The inventions set forth in claims 23 to 35, 37 and 38 are novel and involve an inventive step in relation to the documents that are cited in the international search report.

The documents in question do not present bispecific antibodies that are capable of recognizing both an enzyme and the substrate of said enzyme, and it would not have been easy for a person skilled in the art to conceive of the feature in question.